

General Certificate of Education June 2010

Mathematics MD01

Decision 1

Mark Scheme

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

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Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

M	mark is for method								
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method								
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy								
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy								
Е	mark is for explanation								
$\sqrt{\text{or ft or F}}$	follow through from previous								
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy						
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read						
CSO	correct solution only RA required accuracy								
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work						
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work						
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work						
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt						
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate						
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book						
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme						
−x EE	deduct x marks for each error	G	graph						
NMS	no method shown	c	candidate						
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)						
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)						

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MD01

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
1(a)	B C D D D S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	M1	2	Bipartite graph, 2 sets of (some) vertices, labelled, 6+ edges. All correct
(b)	3 letters matched to 2 numbers impossible or 2 letters matched to 3 numbers impossible	E1		OE; PI by subsequent E1
	A, D, E matched to 1, 5 impossible or B, C matched to 2, 3, 4 impossible	E1	2	OE
	Total		4	

O CONT			Sol	lution		Marks	Total	Comments
2(a)(i)	(6	2	3	5	4)	11141110	1000	Comments
=(#)(=)	2	3	5	4	6	M1		Bubble, condone 1 slip but must have 6 at end of first pass
						A1		1st pass correct
	2 2	3	4	5	6			
	2	3	4	5	6	A1	3	All correct, these 3 lines only
	Or re	verse:						
	(6	2	3	5	4)			
	2	6	3	4	5	M1		Bubble, condone 1 slip but must have 2 at start of 1st pass
						A1		1st pass correct
	2	3	6	4	5			
	2	3 3 3	4	6	5			
	2	3	4	5	6	A1		All correct these 4 lines only
								NOTE
								(6 2 3 5 4)
								2 3 5 4 6 2 3 5 4 6
								2 3 5 4 6
								2 3 4 5 6
(40)							_	scores M0
(ii)	4					B1	1	
(b)(i)	(<u>6</u>	<u>2</u> 6	3	5	4)			
	2	6	3	5	4	M1		Shuttle – swap 2 and 6 only on 1st pass
	2	3	6	5	4	A1		2nd pass
	2	3	5	6	<u>4</u> 6	A1		3rd pass
	2	3	4	5	6	A1	4	All correct
(ii)	1					B1	1	
, ,					Total		9	

Q Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
3(a)	HI 6 8 IJ 9	M1		Kruskal's, 6 + edges stated, not just lengths, (no cycles) must be in ascending order (condone 1 slip only)
	IG 11 AB 12	B1		9 edges
	CG 14 BF 16	A1		IJ 3rd
	$ \begin{array}{ccc} BE & 17 \\ FI & 19 \end{array} $	A1		AB 5th
	, ,	A1		BF 7th
		A1	6	All correct
(b)	112	B1	1	
(c)		M1 A1 A1	3	tree 7+ edges 9 edges All correct, including labelling
(d)	CG Total	B1	1 11	

Q (cont	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
4 (a)		B_{\square}	9	
		12		
	A 58 47 13	D	37	
				48
	19	6		19
		. H.		
	46 E 20	F	/	20 6 49
	40	37	22	$G_{\overline{39}}^{\cancel{49}}$
	20			20
	2+ H 20 9	22		120 /40
	1		8	/11 19
	1 5	K	6	Lg
	6	1.22	111	/ 🛂
	6	12	19	
		V		
		<i>M</i> [€		SCA, cancelling at 2+ vertices
		A1 m1		Correct values at <i>K</i> , condone no box at 11 3 values at <i>F</i>
		m1 m1		2 values at E or G 2 values at A or C
		A1		All correct including final values at
		B1	7	vertices boxed 49 at <i>B</i>
(b)(i)	Odd vertices A, B, C, M	E1		PI, CAO
	AB + CM = 25 + 48 or 73 AC + BM = 24 + 49 or 73	M1		3 correct sets of lettered pairs of candidate's vertices
	AM + BC = 47 + 23 or 70	A2,1		3 correct, 2 correct
	Min = 384 + 70	A1F		PI, 384 plus their shortest
	= 454	B1	6	SC
				454 with no working, or 454 with route 2/6
(ii)	4	B1	1	Route without 454 0/6
(11)	Total		14	

MIDUI (cont		T		
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
5(a)	S T R I N G S	M1		Tour starting from any vertex
	64 70 82 80 82 72	m1		Visits all other vertices only once
		A1		Correct order
	= 450	B1	4	
				Note: If solution on a matrix then order of
				selection of vertices must be clearly
				shown
(b)	$\left \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	B1F	1	Must have seered M2 in part (a)
(b)	Or reverse	ріг	1	Must have scored M2 in part (a)
	Of feverse			
(c)	Delete S	M1		Clear method: spanning tree (edges or
(c)		1,11		diagram, not just numbers) with one
				vertex deleted AND adding 2 edges from
				deleted vertex (condone double shortest
				edge from deleted vertex)
	G^{\bullet}			
	<i>آ</i> و			
	76 73			
		B1		Spanning tree with 4 edges (may include
	74 • N			<i>S</i>)
	T			
	70	A1		Correct MST
	R			
	+			
	T			
	•			
		A1F		2 shortest from candidate's deleted vertex
	64 /68	АІГ		(not shortest edge doubled)
				(not shortest eage doddied)
	Š			
	= 425	A1	5	SC 425 without earning first M1: 2/5
	Total		10	

MD01 (cont)					
Q	Solution		Marks	Total	Comments
6(a)	$x \ge 190, y \ge 50, z \ge 50$	oe oe	B1)		
	$x + y + z \ge 300$	oe	B1		
	$2.5x + 2y + 2z \le 1000$	oe	B1 \		Strict inequalities: penalise first two
	$\left(5x + 4y + 4z \le 2000\right)$				instances only
	$x \ge \frac{60}{100} \left(x + y + z \right)$	oe	B1)	4	
	$(2x \ge 3y + 3z)$				
(b)(i)	y = z				
	$x \ge 190, y \ge 50$				
	$x + 2y \ge 300$	oe	M1		$x + y + y \ge 300 \text{ or } 5x + 4y + 4y \le 2000$ or $2x \ge 3y + 3y$
	$5x + 8y \le 2000$				ie at least one clear line of working
	$2x \ge 6y$				showing substitution of $y = z$
	$\left(y \le \frac{1}{3}x\right)$	oe	A1	2	AG All correct (3 'or' become 'and')
(ii)	<i>y</i> •				- ,
(11)	300				
	250				
	200				
	150				
	130				
	100			>	
	OL			FR	
	50				
	0 50	100 150	200	250	300 350 400 450 x
					For all lines must be correct to $\frac{1}{2}$ square
					horizontal or vertical
			B1		$x = 190, \ y = 50$
			B1		through (0,150) and (300,0)
			B1		through (0,250) and (400,0)
			M1		y = mx through $(0,0)$
			A1 B1		through (300,100) Region must have all lines correct and
					labelled region (condone lack of shading)
			B1	7	A correct objective line
			ı		1

Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
6 (b)(iii)	$P = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{4}y + \frac{1}{4}z \text{ or } \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{1}{2}y$	M1		PI
	Max at (320,50)	B1		
	Profit $(160 + 25) = £185$	A1		Note: (with no working) £185 3/4
	Buys 320 slow, 50 medium, 50 fast	B1	4	320 slow, 50 medium, 50 fast 2/4 320 slow, 50 medium, 50 fast and £185 4/4
	Total		17	

MIDUI (cont)	,							
Q			Solu	tion		Marks	Total	Comments
7								
	\boldsymbol{A}	В	C	D	E			
	(1	4	0	4	0)			Q
	3	4	4	$\frac{8}{3}$	0.22404	M1		1st pass to candidate's $\frac{8}{3}$
	3	-4	$-\frac{4}{3}$	3	444	A1		1st pass all correct to $E = 0.22$
			(awrt	(awrt	(awrt	Al		1st pass all coffeet to $L = 0.22$
			-1.33)	2.67)	0.22)	3.41		2nd page to condidate's 52
			4	52.	0.10671	M1		2nd pass to candidate's $\frac{52}{15}$
	5	4	$\frac{4}{5}$	$\frac{52}{15}$	111	A 1		2nd pass correct to $E = 0.11$
			3	(awrt	(awrt			
				3.5)	0.11)			304
						M1		3rd pass to candidate's $\frac{304}{105}$
	7	-4	<u>-4</u>	$\frac{304}{105}$	0.0599			103
			7					
			(awrt -0.571)	(awrt 2.9)	(awrt 0.06)			
			0.571)	2.7)	0.00)			
	9	4	4	1052	0.02097			
	9	4	$\frac{4}{9}$ (awrt	$\frac{1052}{315}$	0.03987			
			(awrt	(awrt	(awrt	A1	6	All correct and no extra line
	0.444) 3.34) 0.04)				0.04)		-	1052 or overt 2.24
	π is approximately 3.34					Final answer $\frac{1052}{315}$ or awrt 3.34		
	1 18 a	ipproxi	imatery 3.	J +	Total		6	
					1 Otai		U	

Q Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
8(a)	Max 5	B1		
	Min 1	B1	2	Do not allow 1° or 5°
	_			
(b)	$4x - 12 \ge 1 \text{ (or } > 0)$			
	$\left(x \ge \frac{13}{4}\right)$			
	Or			
	$4x - 12 \le 5 \text{ (or } < 6)$	3.61		
	$\left(x \le \frac{17}{4}\right)$	M1		Any one of these inequalities
	Or			OR
	$2x - 4 \le 5 \text{ (or } < 6)$			Exhaustive check of all values from 1 to 5
				inclusive, condone one omission.
	$x \le \frac{9}{2}$			
	<i>x</i> = 4	A1	2	First inequality and one of the other two,
				or completely correct exhaustive check, and $x = 4$
	Alternative solution			
	Sum of degrees = $11x - 24$ must be even $\Rightarrow x$ is even			
	$x - 2 > 0 \Rightarrow x > 2$	M1		
	$\begin{array}{c} x - 2 > 0 \implies x > 2 \\ x \le 5 \end{array}$			
	Hence $x = 4$	A1		
	Total		4	
	TOTAL		75	